## Notes for the Ekklesia Meeting

Info: (651) 283-0568 Discipleship Training Ministries, Inc www.dtminc.org Today's Date: May 18, 2014

## The Basis of Maturity – Having Been Made Complete... To Be Completed

by Dan Trygg

''Of this church I became a minister... to make full the word of God, the mystery which has been hidden from the past agesand generations, but has now been made evident to His saints, ...which is Christ in you, the hope of glory, ...Whom we proclaim,reminding every person and teaching every person in all wisdom, in order that we might present every person complete in Christ.And for this purpose also I labor, striving according to His power, which mightily works within me.''Col. 1:25-29"...in Him you have been made complete..."Col. 2:10

The proximity of these two passages makes it easier to notice the recurrence of the word "complete" in both contexts in the NASB. You might assume that the completeness which Paul was trying to bring about in 1:28 has been established, according to the language in 2:10. When you read the entire context, however, that does not seem to fit. The problem, the source of confusion, lies with the limitations of our English translation. The kinds of "completeness" alluded to in these two passages are *entirely different*, though they *are* related to one another.

In Col. 2:10, it says that in Jesus we have been made "complete". Already. The Greek word used here is a form of the word, *plēroō* ("play-rah-oh"), which means "to fill, to make full, to fully supply, to fulfill (as in 'to bring about', or 'to bring to completion')". The particular form of the word in this verse emphasizes action that has taken place in the past with ongoing results, i.e., "you have been filled (and are *still* full)", or, "you have been fully supplied (and *still* are fully supplied)". In the immediate context following 2:10, the emphasis is upon what has happened to us because we are "in Christ". Christ is described as the "head (source) of all rule and authority". The thrust of this statement is that Jesus is a *source* of supply, an *origin* of power and ability. After making this general statement, Paul describes how it came to be that we "have been made full" in Christ.

In Christ, we were circumcised with a non-physical circumcision, a "putting off" or "setting free from" the body of the flesh. How? "In the circumcision of Christ". What? How can *Christ's* circumcision affect *me*? Paul goes on, *without explanation*, to say that we were separated from our past lives and identity, buried

together-with Christ, "...having been buried together-with Him ('co-buried') in baptism..."

The passage says **we were also resurrected to a new life and identity in Jesus.** "… in which also you were raised together-with Him ('co-raised')…".

**How did this happen?** Not by anything *we* did. Rather, **we trusted in** *God* **to act**. We believed He would work in us. Paul states it this way, "God was the One arousing Jesus out from the dead ones; …and *we* ourselves *were dead* in our transgressions and the uncircumcision of our flesh. By means of faith in the inworking of God, *He made us alive* together with Him ('co-quickened together with Him'), forgiving-by-grace to us all the transgressions, and wiping off the inscription consisting of charges against us, which was opposed to us. He took it away, nailing it to the cross. Disarming the rulers and the authorities, He openly displayed them, triumphing over them in Himself" (2:11-15). Did you catch all of that? We were spiritually *dead*. God *made us alive* in Christ. He forgave us and removed *every* charge or accusation against us. *Satan has no basis to attack us anymore*!

Wow! That is a lot that was accomplished in Christ on our behalf! So, how are we to understand the word, plēroō? Our own experience indicates that we are not "complete", in the sense of being a finished product, fully mature, or without need to grow. Furthermore, the commands and admonitions of the practical section that follows would not make sense, if we were somehow miraculously mature in Christ. Clearly, the practical instructions in 3:1-4:6 are given to help us work out in real life the inner change that God has worked within us, ... which means we still need to grow and mature. Thus, to translate plēroo in 2:10 as "complete" is not the best translation. That rendering is misleading. What would be a better translation of *plēroō here*? When I read Paul's description of what was done for me "in Jesus", ...much of which I was totally unaware, since it took place without my conscious involvement..., the definition that makes most sense to me in the context is that I have been fully-supplied (and am still fully-supplied). It appears that *His life in my place* has much more incredible, far-reaching ramifications than I ever thought possible (cf. Rom. 5:12-21). It seems to have covered all the areas that might hinder my relationship with God. At the heart of it all is the message that somehow I was put into Jesus so that His actions have had an effect on me. My uncleanness has been removed (symbolized by the spiritual circumcision). My fleshly nature has also been put away from me in this same symbolic act. I can no longer say that "God does not find me acceptable", or that "I am just a fallen human being, bound to keep sinning". No. In God's sight, I am clean, ... and, within, I need no longer be controlled by a "fleshly nature". Furthermore, I have been put to death to my past life, my past self, and

have been raised "from among the corpses" by the inworking power of God. There is absolutely nothing from my past that can hinder my relationship with God. My life is *new*, *fresh*, ...*beyond* what is natural. *I am infused with the resurrection life of God* (Rom. 8:11). The *same* power that brought Jesus out from the tomb has made *me* alive together with Him. I am a *new* person, empowered by a *new* vitality, one that neither sin nor death can destroy.

As if to anticipate *the objections of my shame-beliefs*, ...or *the accusations of the enemy*..., Paul describes *how* all of my transgressions were removed, ...totally forgiven-by-grace and wiped away. The inscription above Jesus' head on Good Friday read "King of the Jews" (Mk. 15:26), but invisibly there were also transferred *all* the charges and decrees that could possibly be leveled against *me*. Spiritually, they were added to the charge seen by human eyes, so that all the spiritual realm would clearly understand that He was dying *in my place*, paying off *my* debt, removing *any* and *every* hold or legal claim to *my* life with each drop of *His* blood. I have been *totally* redeemed, and there is *no* charge, decree, or covenant that can have any hold on me. Jesus' cry from the cross, "It is finished!" was the common Greek expression written on every record of debt when it was finally completely retired. In that cry, "Paid in full!", is not only a *promise to us*, to assure ourselves in our inner struggles that no sin can separate us from the love of God (Rom. 8:31-39), it also was a cry of victory meant to *put the enemy on notice* that *he has been stripped of any and all legal authority to lay claim to anyone that belongs to Christ. All* debts and obligations had been covered. In that moment of apparent helplessness and public humiliation, Jesus succeeded in outwitting the enemy, and proclaimed His triumph from the cross. Even the demonic realm has been *legally stripped* of their hold on our lives. They have *no basis* for interference in our affairs. Their accusations or claims will be "thrown out of court", because the debt or obligation has been "paid in full".

So, what about the other passage? What about Col. 1:28? In the NASB translation of the phrase, "that we may present every man complete in Christ...", the translators chose to use "complete" to render an entirely different Greek word. The Greek word here is *teleios* ("tell-ay-os"), and <u>it means "mature, fully-grown, brought-to-the-end"</u>. The main thrust of the word is that *it describes the end result of a process*, or the fulfillment of a purpose or plan. If the word "complete" in 2:10 (*plēroā*) meant "fully supplied", referring to our *yet-to-be-realized potential* in Christ, (i.e., what Jesus has made available to us, but what we may not yet understand or "walk in"), then the use of the word "complete" in 1:28 is referring to the exact opposite end of our potentiality, i.e., our *realized potentiality*. What Paul is saying in this verse is that he labors to help *every* person grow up to their full potential in Christ. The hidden mystery, which has now been made known, is "Christ *in* you, the hope of glory" (vs. 27). This is a reference to the potentiality which Paul elaborates on in 2:10-19. Paul's work is to not only *proclaim the revealed-mystery* (the Good News), but also to teach, admonish, remind, exhort, and warn every person, *in order to move them on to maturity* in Christ. For what benefit is the *potentiality without the practicality*? What is the value of the *innate capability* made available in Jesus, if we do not *discover it* and *walk it out* in our experience?

Not only do we personally miss out on the benefits that come with a deeper, more consistent walk, but, to the degree that we are immature and inconsistent, our lives do not accurately portray who Jesus is, nor what He has done. Our immaturity is not only painful and frustrating; it is bad advertising. The early church was very much into pursuing maturity and consistency. The apostles were called by Jesus to be *disciples*, *active followers*, *ones-under*training. He called them to be like Him, to do what He did, and to learn from Him how to train others (Matt. 4:19; 10:25). The apostles carried this discipleship thrust into the early church (Acts 2:42-46). They were diligent to get the faith of new converts both grounded and active, so that they would mature. In order for others to see the work of God, believers must learn to walk in the Spirit, not the flesh. The world desperately needs to see Christians who are mature, fully-grown, Spirit-led followers of Jesus. How will people come to know the real Jesus, if He is not expressed through His people? That was God's original plan. He intended for the church to be an incubator and training arena for personal growth and spiritual development. Every believer in the Body of Christ has been given a spiritual gift, or gifts (I Pet. 4:10; I Cor 12:4-7). We are to use these to help one another grow, to meet needs, and to be implements of the Holy Spirit for the common benefit of us all. How can we effectively minister to one another, if we do not know what our gifts are, or how the Spirit works in our lives? We were all to mature, as we learned to express truth to one another in love (Eph. 4:15,16). As we learn to walk in the Spirit, instead of our selfish, fleshly orientation, we will discover more of who God is, and see Him more actively at work in our lives. Paul said the goal is the maturity of *every* believer, ... *everyone* equipped in knowledge, experiencing Jesus, and fully-grown to be like Him in character and conduct (Eph. 4:12.13). We were to be committed, as Paul was, "to present every person mature in Christ", ... each one of us "striving according to the power that mightily works within" us. Sadly, we no longer *expect* that we are to help *each other* grow, so we don't *apply ourselves* to mature, either. In Christ, we have been made complete (fully supplied), to be completed (fully actualized). Press on to lay hold of that for which you also were laid hold of by Christ Jesus (Phil. 3:12). Don't settle for less!